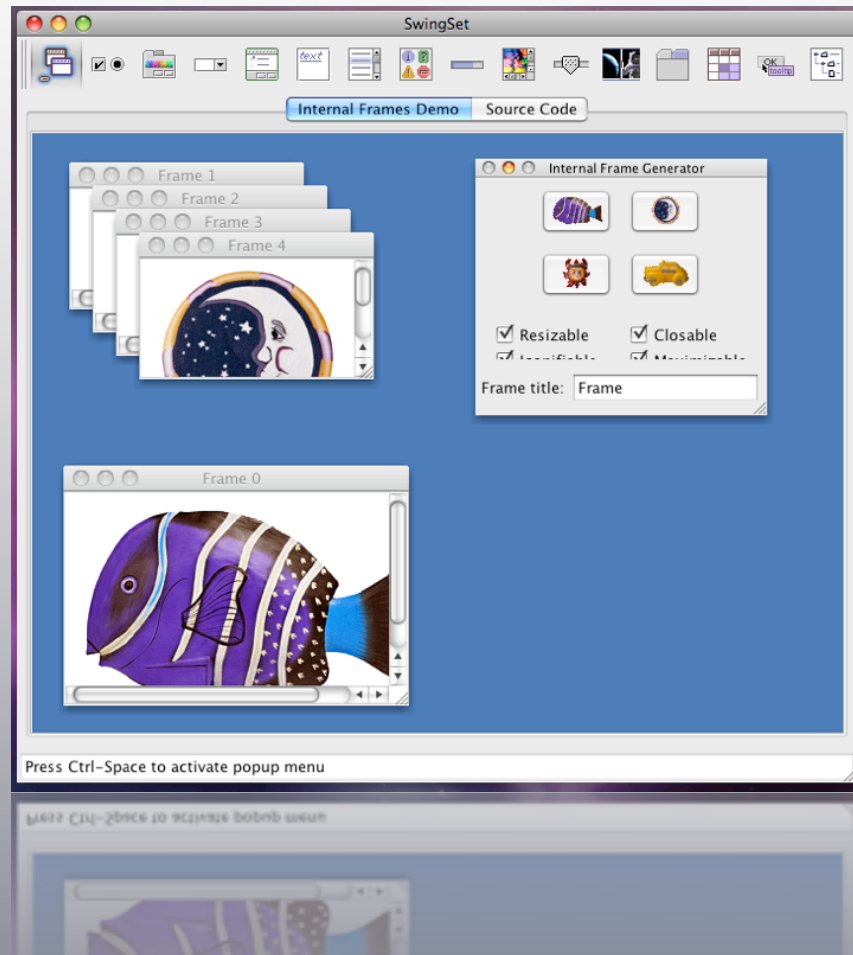


Java as a Second Language

Week 5: GUIs

CS3773

Simson Garfinkel



Making GUIs with Java & Swing

GUIs in Java

AWT - Abstract Window Toolkit

- `import java.awt.*;`
- Introduced with Java 1.0
- Used *native implementations* for windows, buttons, text objects, menus, etc.
- A disaster: buttons were different on every platform!
- Included with Internet Explorer

JFC/Swing

- Introduced with Java 1.2
- Microsoft refused to adopt (because it hated Sun by then)

SWT - Standard Widget Toolkit (part of Eclipse)

& others

javax.swing

JFRAME

[java.lang.Object](#)

[java.awt.Component](#)

[java.awt.Container](#)

[java.awt.Window](#)

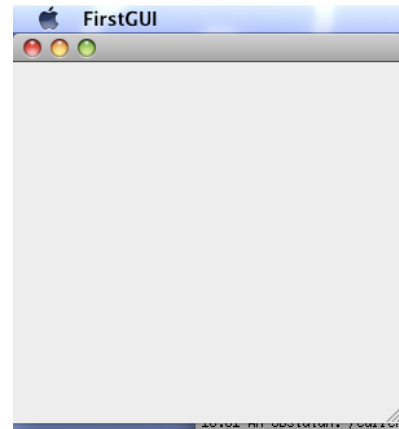
[java.awt.Frame](#)

javax.swing.JFrame

Everything that appears on the screen is drawn inside a JFrame

Frames have:

- contentPane
- Other stuff



<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.5.0/docs/api/javax/swing/JFrame.html>

<http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing/components/rootpane.html>

Let's look at a simple Swing Program:

```
import javax.swing.*;

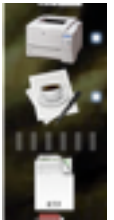
public class FirstGUI {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    }
}
```



Let's look at a simple Swing Program:

```
import javax.swing.*;

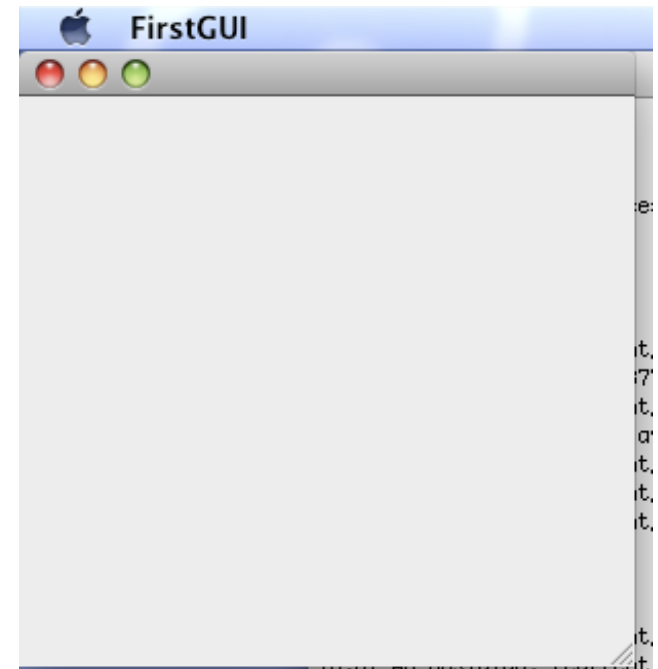
public class FirstGUI {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

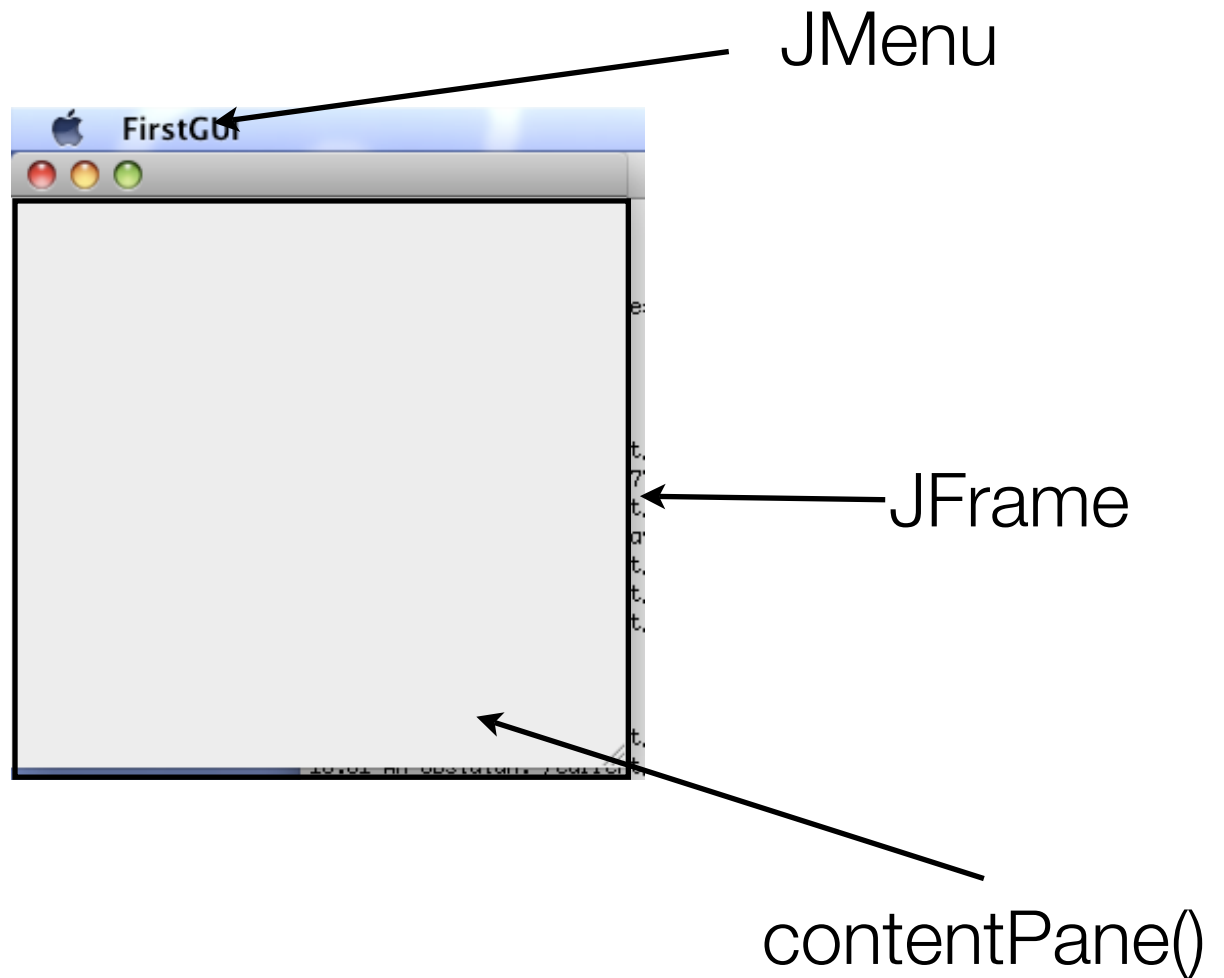


Let's look at a simple Swing Program:

```
import javax.swing.*;

public class FirstGUI {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(300,300);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```





Swing gives us a lot "for free."

Window resizing

Window redrawing

Menu with "quit"

But it's really doing much more.

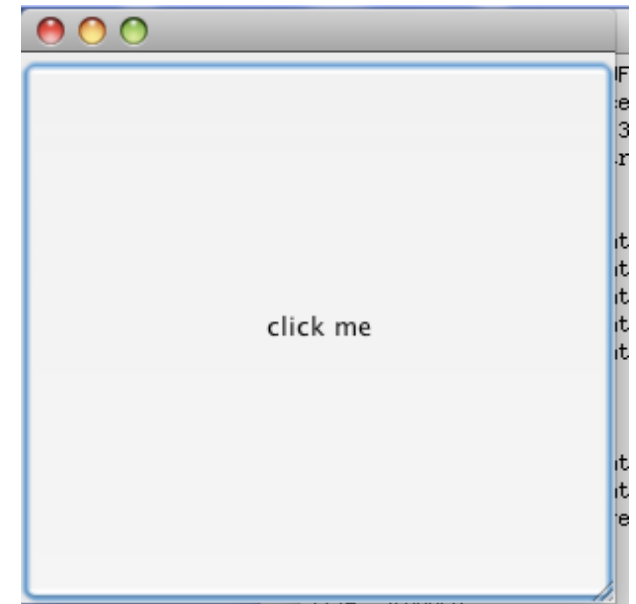


```
import javax.swing.*;

public class FirstGUI {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(
            JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(300,300);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

Add a clickable button.

```
public class FirstGUI {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();  
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
        JButton button = new JButton("click me");  
        frame.getContentPane().add(button);  
        frame.setSize(300,300);  
        frame.setVisible(true);  
    }  
}
```



Swing components allow HTML for titles...

```
JButton button =  
new JButton("<html><b>bold</b><br><i>italic</i></html>");
```




javax.swing

JButton

[java.lang.Object](#)
[java.awt.Component](#)
[java.awt.Container](#)
[javax.swing.JComponent](#)
[javax.swing.AbstractButton](#)
javax.swing.JButton

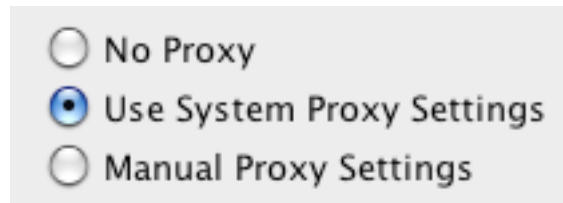
Terminology:

- *title* or *text* — what's displayed on the button
- *enabled/disabled* — Can the button be clicked?
- *pressed* — the button is being clicked on
- *selected* — is the the *selected* state 
- *icon* — image displayed by the button
- *ButtonGroup* — a set of mutually exclusive buttons

More...

More...

More...

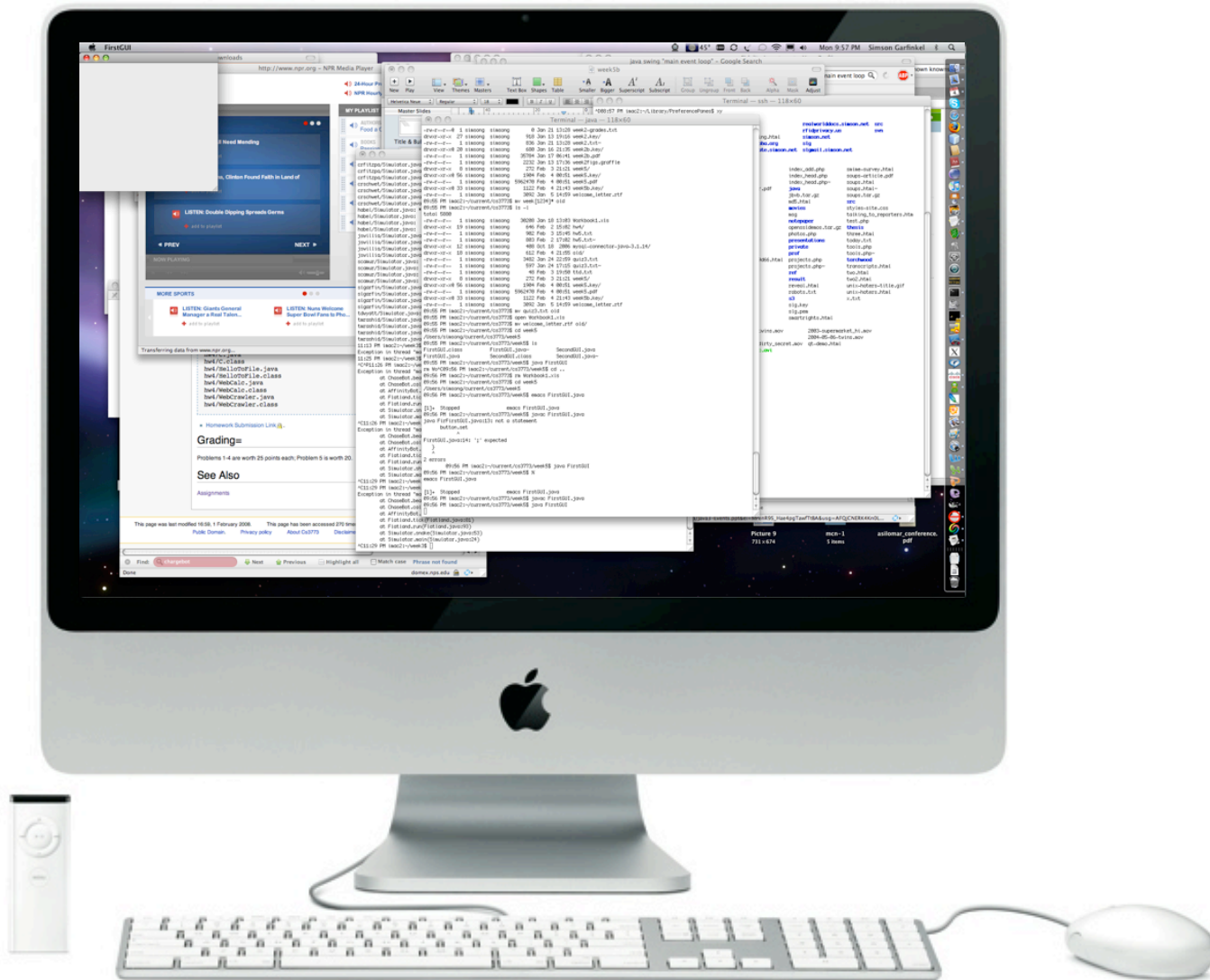


Reference:

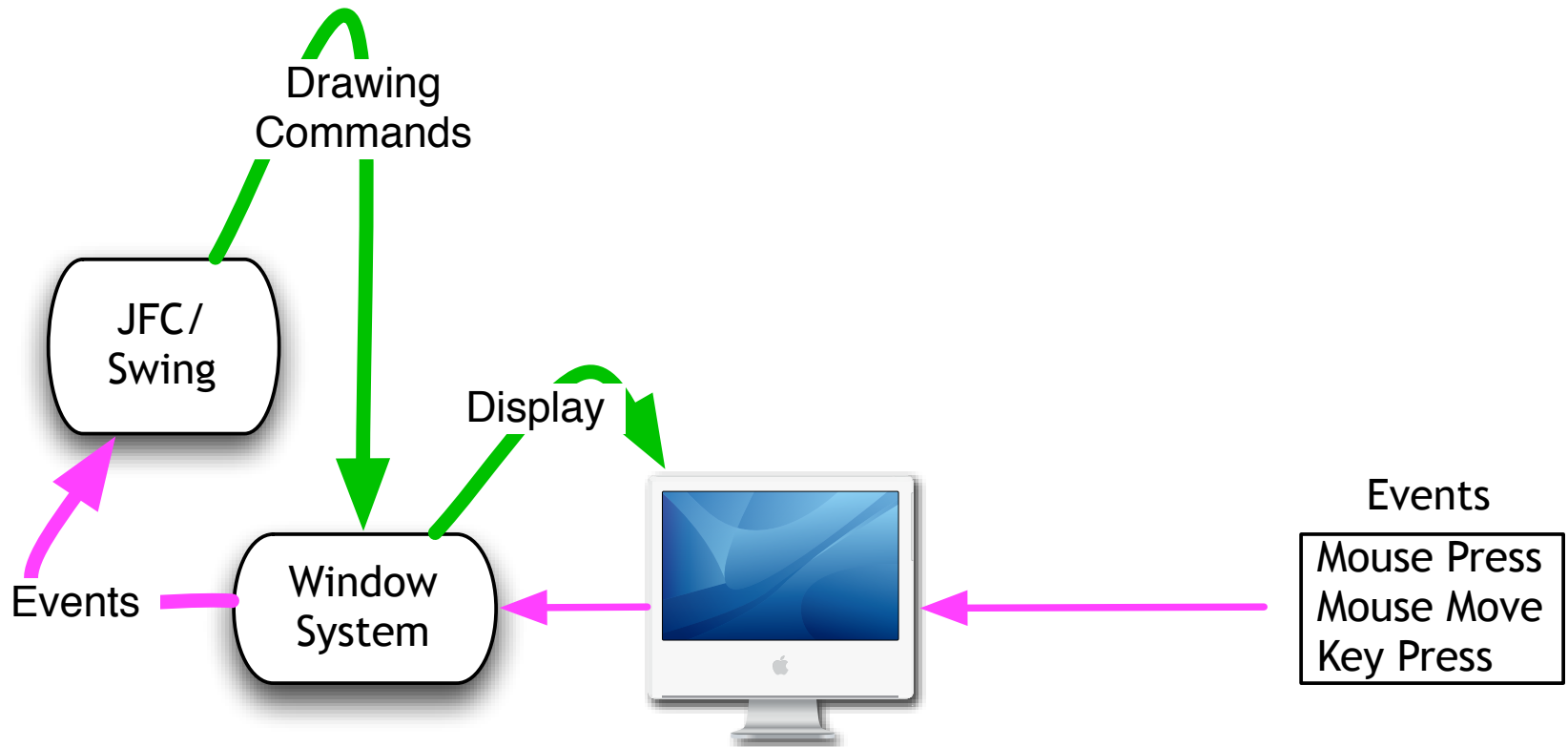
<http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing/components/button.html>

<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.5.0/docs/api/javax/swing/JButton.html>

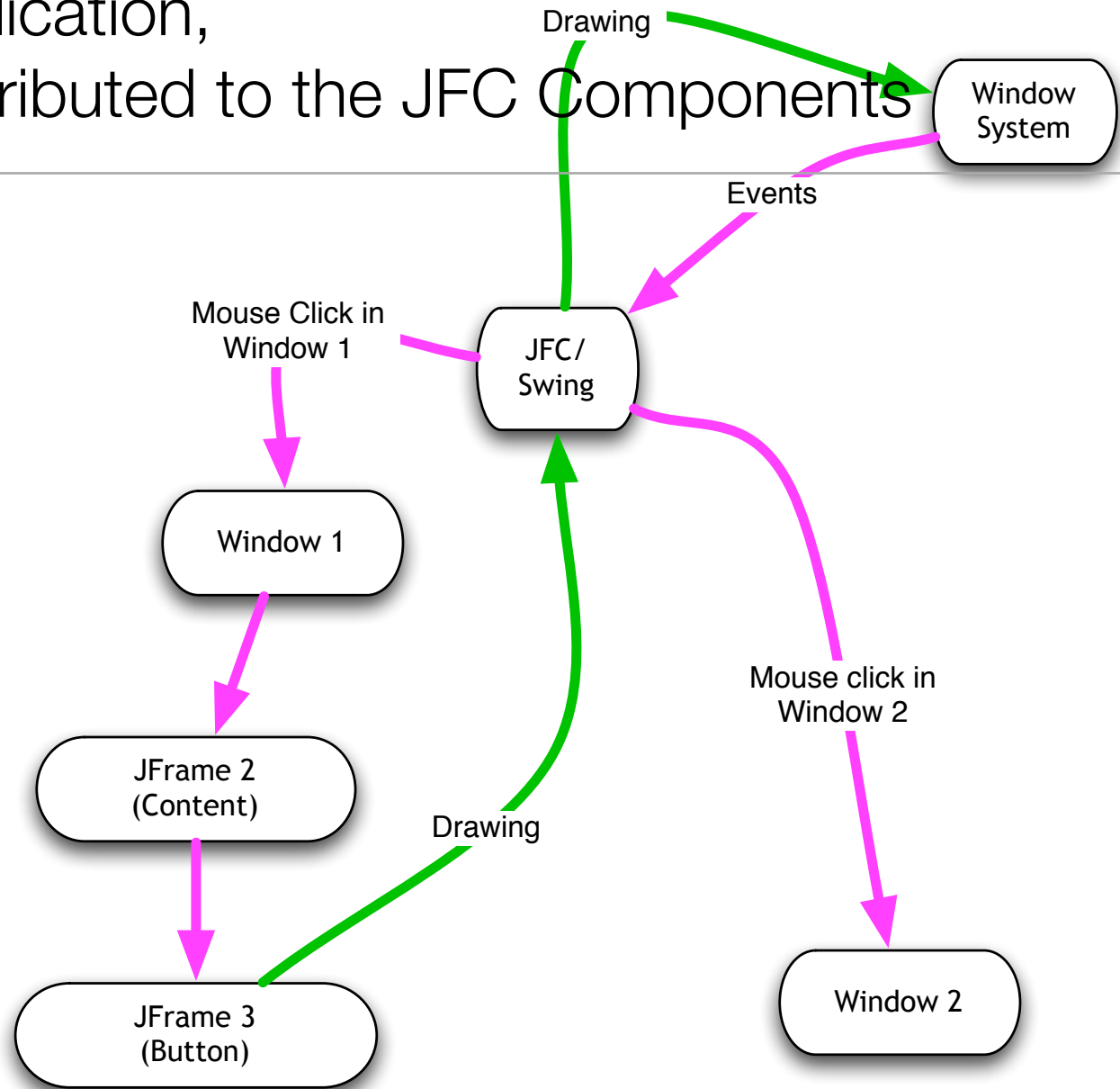
How does JFC/Swing make an application work?



Your JFC/Swing program communicates with the Window System to the outside world



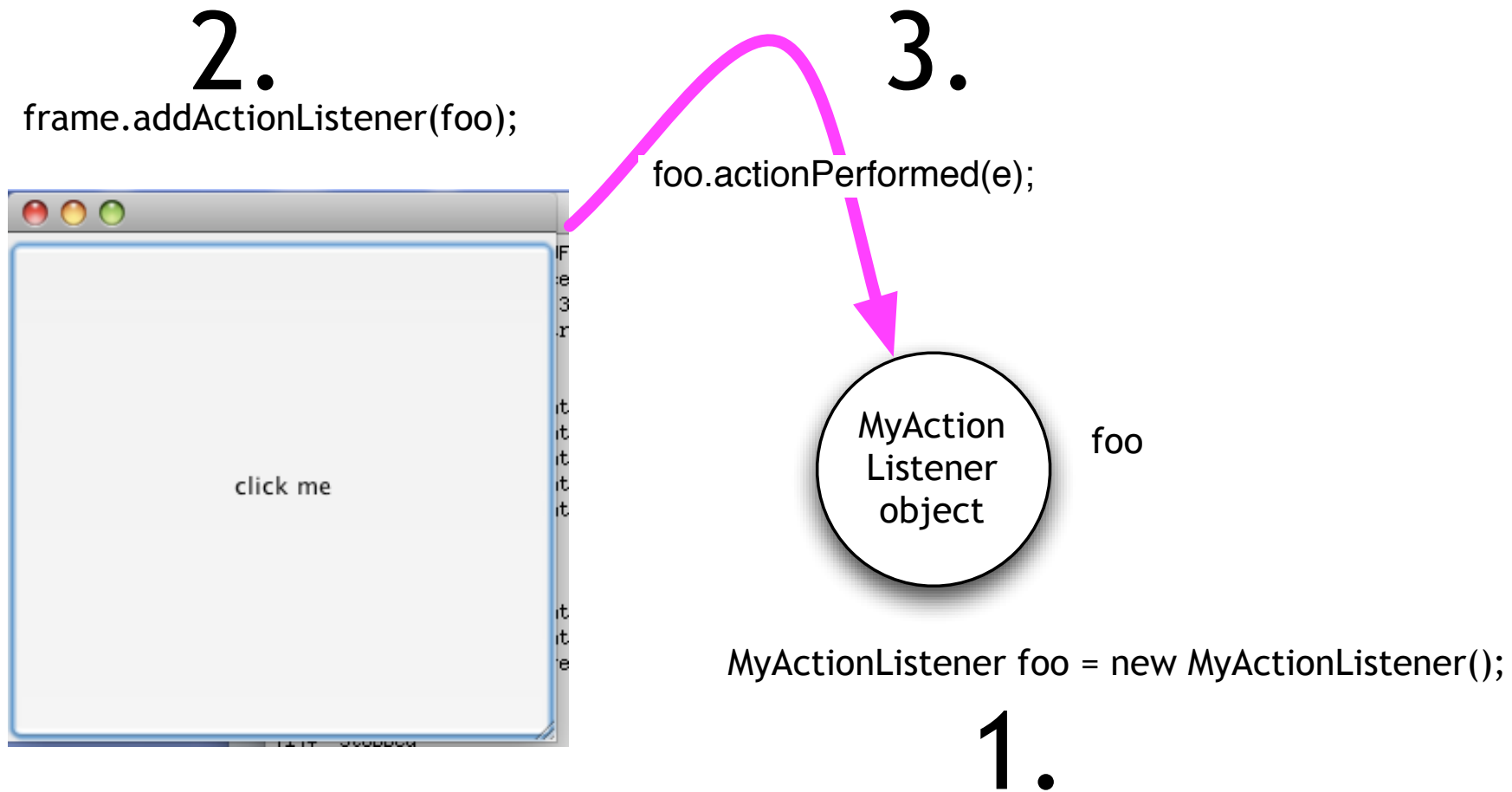
Inside the Application, events are distributed to the JFC Components



JFC/Swing provides a "main event loop"

```
main(){  
    Initialize variables.  
    Create the user interface.  
    while(true){  
        e = getNextEvent();  
        switch(e){  
            -- mouse events  
            -- keyboard events  
            -- timer events  
            -- network events.  
            -- program exit events.  
        }  
    }  
}
```


Event Listeners: Objects whose method's are called when an event happens



javax.swing

JEvent

JEvent is a package that provides Interfaces and Classes

Listeners — Interfaces for catching events

- MenuListener — listen for menu events
- ActionListener — Listens for button presses
- MouseListener — Mouse clicks
- MouseMotionListener — Mouse Motion

Classes — Specific events

- MenuEvent

NOTE: Some events are still in **java.awt.event**:

- java.awt.event.MouseEvent

See:

<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.5.0/docs/api/javax/swing/event/package-summary.html>

<http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing/events/>

Here is what the code looks like:

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

class MyActionListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
        System.out.println("clicked!");
    }
}

public class ThirdGUI {
    static int times_clicked = 0;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JButton button = new JButton("click me!");
        button.addActionListener(new MyActionListener());
        frame.getContentPane().add(button);
        frame.setVisible(true);
        frame.setSize(300,300);
    }
}
```

Make the code actually do something...

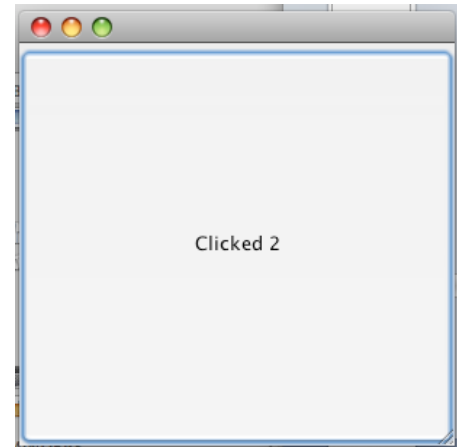
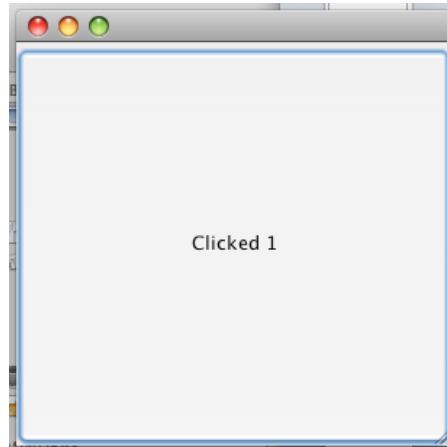
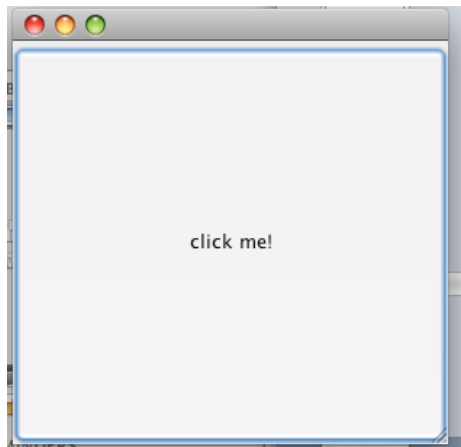
```
class MyActionListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
        ThirdGUI.button.setText("nosmis");
    }
}

public class ThirdGUI {
    static int times_clicked = 0;
    static JButton button = null;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        button = new JButton("click me!");
        button.addActionListener(new MyActionListener());
        frame.getContentPane().add(button);

        frame.setVisible(true);
        frame.setSize(300,300);
    }
}
```

Make the code do something interesting...

```
class MyActionListener implements ActionListener {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){  
        FourthGUI.times_clicked++;  
        FourthGUI.button.setText("Clicked "+FourthGUI.times_clicked);  
    }  
}
```



Listener API

Listeners must implement Java Listener interface

- ActionListener
- KeyListener
- MouseListener
- MouseMotionListener
- WindowListener

MouseListener:

- mouseClicked()
- mouseEntered()
- mouseExited()
- mousePressed()
- mouseReleased

Anonymous classes:

Allow you to create a class with a single instance

```
public class FifthGUI {
    static int times_clicked = 0;
    static JButton button = null;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        button = new JButton("click me!");
        button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
                times_clicked++;
                button.setText("Clicked "+times_clicked);
            }
        });
        frame.getContentPane().add(button);
        frame.setVisible(true);
        frame.setSize(300,300);
    }
}
```

Advantages of anonymous classes:

```
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){  
        times_clicked++;  
        button.setText("Clicked "+times_clicked);  
    }  
});
```

Less code!

No need to come up with a name or put code in a file.

Can easily access instance variables of containing class.