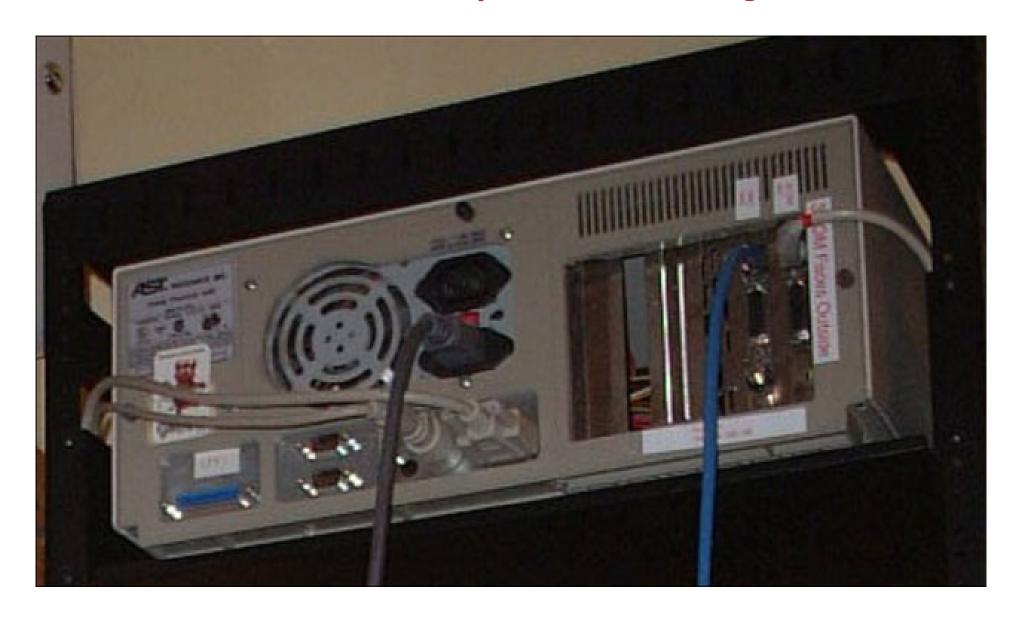
CRCS Forensics Research



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Purchased used from a computer store in August 1998:



Computer #1: 486-class machine with 32MB of RAM

A law firm's file server...

...with client documents!



Computers #2 through #10 had:

- Mental health records
- Home finances
- Draft of a novel...

Was this a chance accident or common occurrence?

Hard drives pose special problem for computer security

Do not forget data when power is removed.

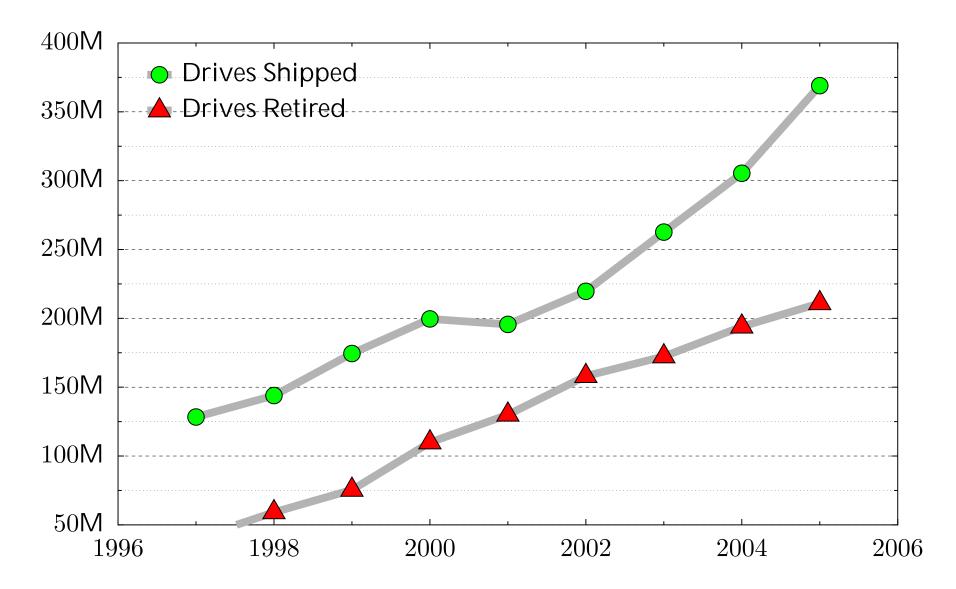
Contain data that is not immediately visible.

Today's computers can read hard drives that are 15 years old!

- Electrically compatible (IDE/ATA)
- Logically compatible (FAT16/32 file systems)
- Very different from tape systems



Scale of the problem: huge!



210 million drives will be retired this year.

Physical destruction will remove the information...





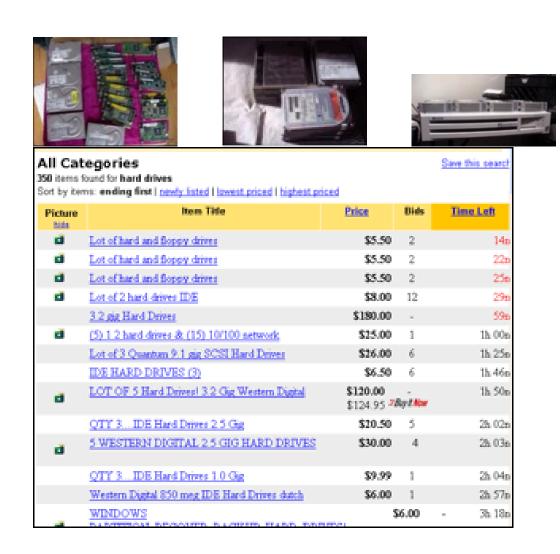


...but many "retired" drives are not physically destroyed.

There is a significant secondary market for used disk drives.

Retired drives are:

- Re-used within organizations
- Given to charities
- Sold at auction



About 1000 used drives/day sold on eBay.

There are roughly a dozen documented cases of people purchasing old PCs and finding sensitive data.

- A woman in Pahrump, NV bought a used PC with pharmacy records [Markoff 97]
- Pennsylvania sold PCs with "thousands of files" on state employees [Villano 02]
- Paul McCartney's bank records sold by his bank [Leyden 04]
- O&O Software GmbH 100 drives.[O&O 04]
- O&O Software GmbH 200 drives.[O&O 05]



None of these are scientifically rigorous studies.

I purchase hard drives on the secondary market.







2005: 500 drives



2003: 150 drives



2006: 950 drives

Drives arrive by UPS and USPS



Drives are "imaged."



Images stored on external firewire drives



This is 900GB of storage.

Example: Disk #70: IBM-DALA-3540/81B70E32

Purchased for \$5 from a Mass retail store on eBay

Copied the data off: 541MB

Initial analysis:

Total disk sectors: 1,057,392

Total non-zero sectors: 989,514

Total files: 3

The files:

drwxrwxrwx	0 root	0 Dec 31	1979 ./
-r-xr-xr-x	0 root	222390 May 11	1998 IO.SYS
-r-xr-xr-x	0 root	9 May 11	1998 MSDOS.SYS
-rwxrwxrwx	0 root	93880 May 11	1998 COMMAND.COM

Clearly, this disk was FORMATed...

```
C:\>format c:
The type of the file system is NTFS.
WARNING, ALL DATA ON NON-REMOVABLE DISK
DRIVE C: WILL BE LOST!
Proceed with Format (Y/N)?
```

UNIX "strings" reveals the disk's previous contents...

```
% strings 70.img | more
Insert diskette for drive
and press any key when ready
Your program caused a divide overflow error.
If the problem persists, contact your program vendor.
Windows has disabled direct disk access to protect your low
To override this protection, see the LOCK /? command for more than the system has been halted. Press Ctrl+Alt+Del to restart
```

OEMString = "NCR 14 inch Analog Color Display Enchanced SV Graphics Mode: 640 x 480 at 72Hz vertical refresh.

You started your computer with a version of MS-DOS incompa

version of Windows. Insert a Startup diskette matching thi

XResolution = 640

YResolution = 480

% strings 70.img

ling the Trial Edition

IBM AntiVirus Trial Edition is a full-function but time-li evaluation version of the IBM AntiVirus Desktop Edition promay have received the Trial Edition on a promotional CD-RC single-file installation program over a network. The Trial is available in seven national languages, and each language provided on a separate CC-ROM or as a separa

EAS.STCm

EET.STC

ELR.STCq

ELS.STC

% strings 70.img

MAB-DEDUCTIBLE

MAB-MOOP

MAB-MOOP-DED

METHIMAZOLE

INSULIN (HUMAN)

COUMARIN ANTICOAGULANTS

CARBAMATE DERIVATIVES

AMANTADINE

MANNITOL

MAPROTILINE

CARBAMAZEPINE

CHLORPHENESIN CARBAMATE

ETHINAMATE

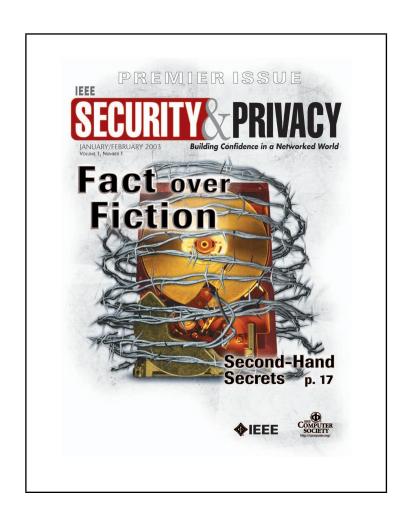
FORMALDEHYDE

MAFENIDE ACETATE

[Garfinkel & Shelat 03] established the scale of the problem.

We found:

- Thousands of credit card numbers
- Financial records
- Medical information
- Trade secrets
- Highly personal information

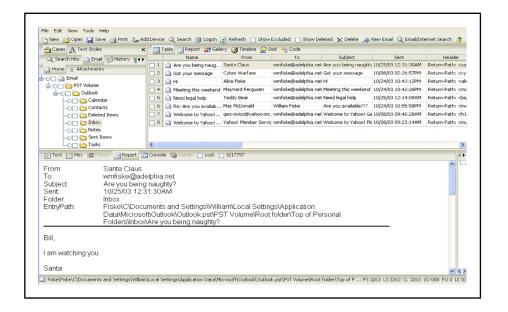


We did not determine why the data had been left behind.

The techniques developed for [Garfinkel '05] are different than traditional forensics techniques.

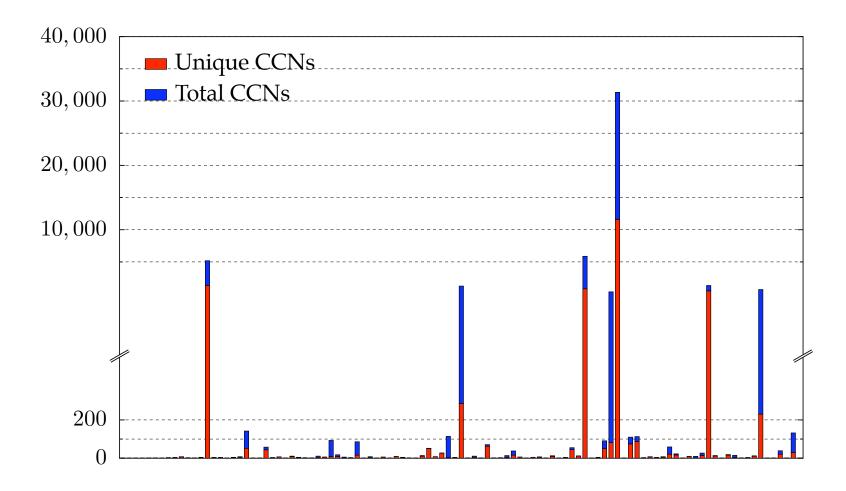
Traditional forensics tools:

- Interactive user interface.
- Recovery of "deleted" files.
- Generation of "investigative reports" for courtroom use.
- Focus on one or a few disks.

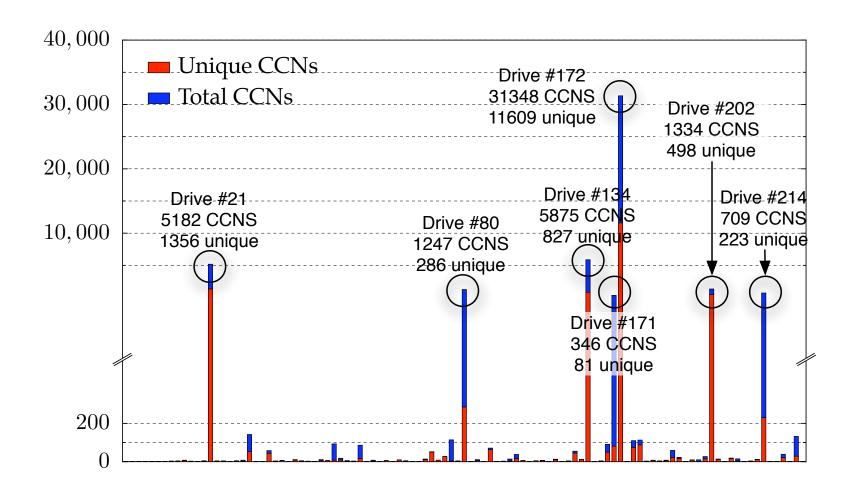


In [Garfinkel '05], there were hundreds of disks to analyze.

"First Order Cross-Drive Forensics" analyzes each drive with a filter.

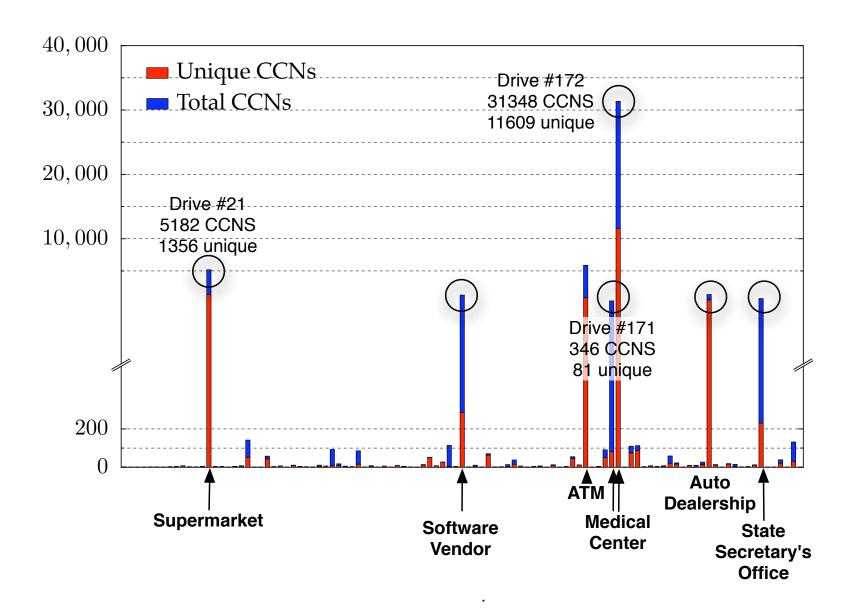


This filter looks for Credit Card Numbers.

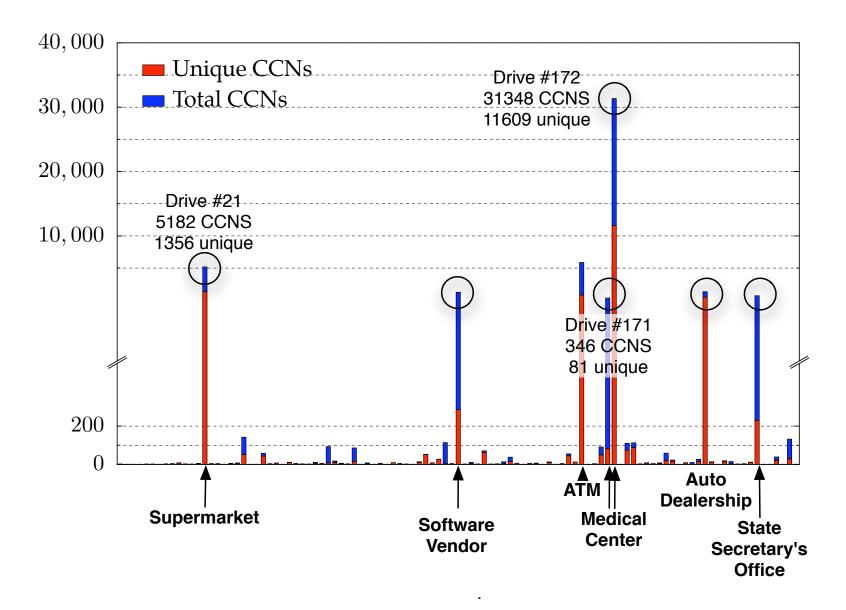


Only 7 drives had more than 300 credit card numbers.

These drives were traced back to their original owners.

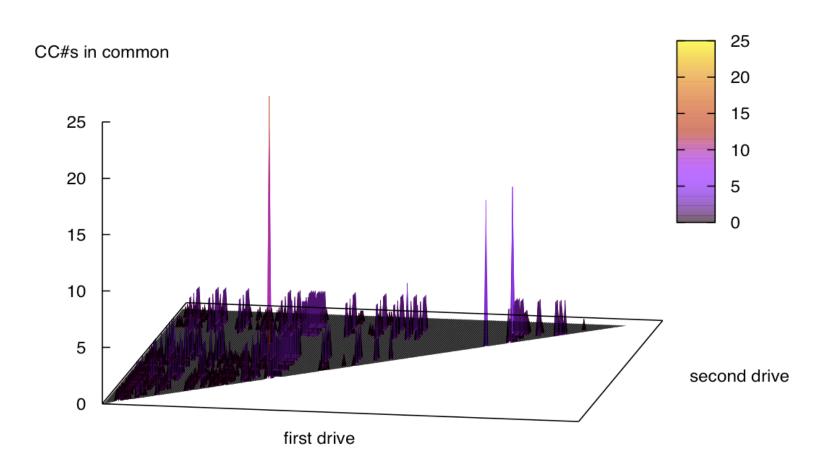


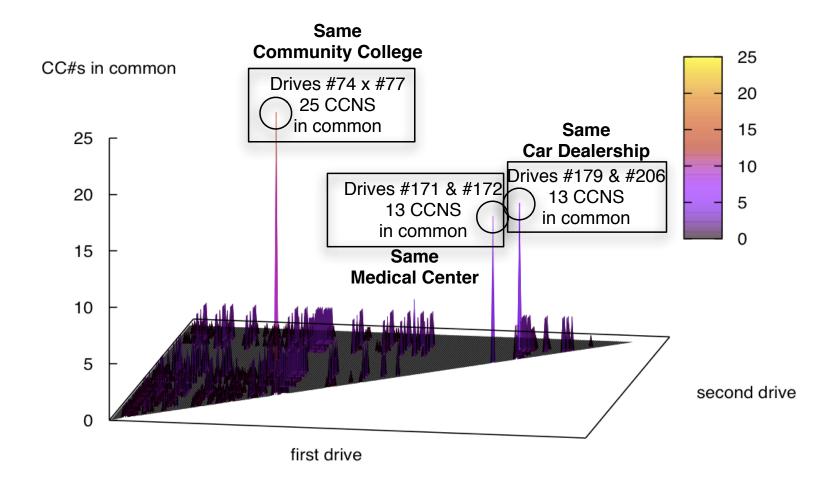
With a "credit card number detector," we can rapidly identify drives with leaked consumer information.



Second-order analysis uses correlation techniques to identify drives of interest.

Cross Drive Correlation

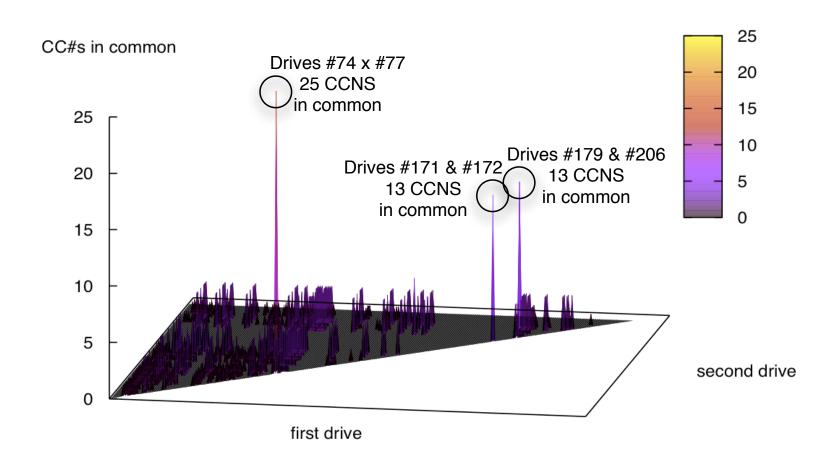




In this example, three pairs of drive appear to be correlated.

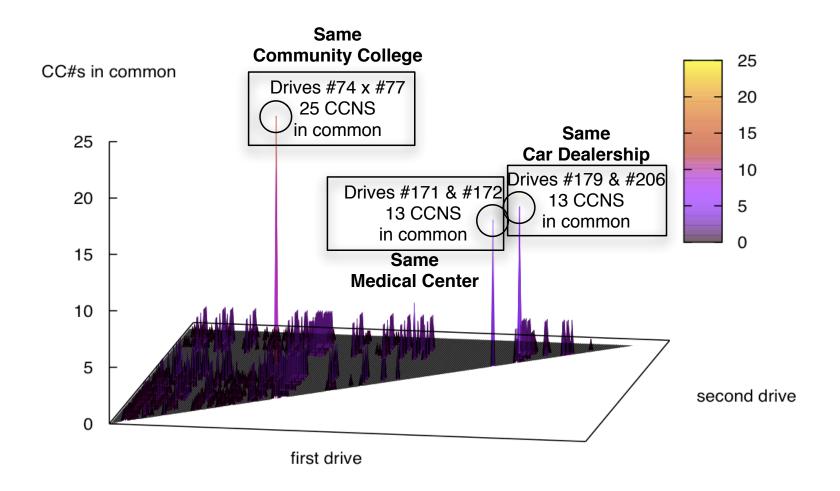
Second-order analysis uses correlation techniques to identify drives of interest.

Cross Drive Correlation



Manual analysis of on-drive data reveals that these drives are from the same organization.

Cross Drive Correlation



Legislative reactions to this research: "Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act of 2003" (US)

- Introduced in July 2003.
 Signed December 2003.
- Regulations adopted in 2004, effective June 2005.
- Amends the FCRA to standardize consumer reports.
- Requires destruction of paper or electronic "consumer records."

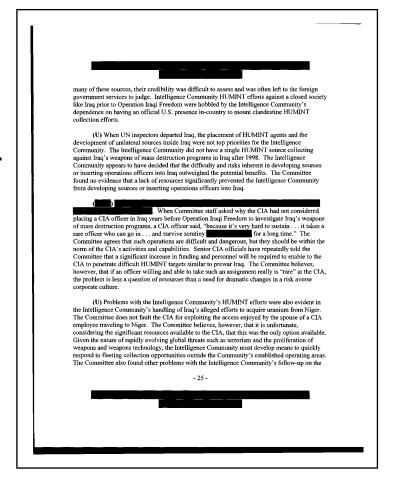
Testimony: http://tinyurl.com/cd2my

Technical reactions to this research: "Secure Empty Trash" in MacOS 10.3.



Current Work: Deploying Compete Delete

- Make FORMAT actually erase the disk.
- Make "Empty Trash" actually overwrite data.
- Integrate this functionality with web browsers, word processors, operating systems.
- Address usability dangers of clean delete.
- Analysis of "one big file" technique.

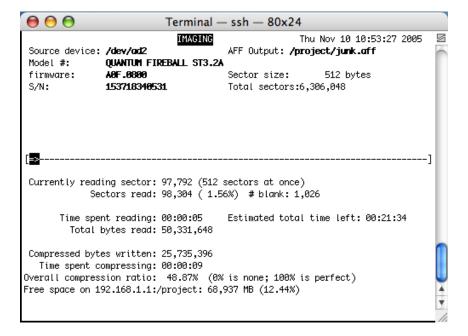


Current Work: 2500 Drive Corpus

- Automated construction of stop-lists.
- Detailed analysis of false positives/negatives in CCN test.
- Explore identifiers other than CCNs.
- Support for languages other than English.

Current Work: AFF Toolkit

- Improved imaging, storage and backup.
- Web-based database of hash codes.



Current Work: Economics and Society

- Who is buying used hard drives and why?
- Compliance with FACT-A
- Increasing adoption of S/MIME-signed mail



Summary

A lot of information is left on used drives.

Working with these drives gives insights for improving forensic practice.

Cross drive forensics and AFF are two tangible benefits to date.

There is a lot more work to do.



References

[Garfinkel & Shelat 03] Garfinkel, S. and Shelat, A., "Remembrance of Data Passed: A Study of Disk Sanitization Practices," *IEEE Security and Privacy*, January/February 2003. http://www.simson.net/clips/academic/2003.IEEE. DiskDriveForensics.pdf

[Markoff 97] John Markoff, "Patient Files Turn Up in Used Computer," *The New York Times*, April 1997.

[Villano 02] Matt Villano, "Hard-Drive Magic: Making Data Disappear Forever," *The New York Times*, May 2002.